## SENATE BILL No. 228

## DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

**Citations Affected:** IC 12-7-2; IC 12-15; IC 12-17.6-4-2.5.

**Synopsis:** Prior authorization of drugs under Medicaid and CHIP. Prohibits the use of prior authorization for antianxiety, antidepressant, and antipsychotic drugs under Medicaid and the children's health insurance program (CHIP). Provides that this prohibition does not apply to a formulary or prior authorization program operated by a managed care organization under the Medicaid or CHIP programs. Establishes procedures to follow for requiring prior authorization for other drugs under the Medicaid and CHIP programs. Allows the office of Medicaid policy and planning to place limits on quantities dispensed or the frequency of refills for any covered drug for the purpose of preventing fraud, abuse, waste, overutilization, or inappropriate utilization or to implement disease management. (The introduced version of this bill was prepared by the joint commission on Medicaid oversight.)

Effective: Upon passage.

## Miller

January 7, 2002, read first time and referred to Committee on Health and Provider Services.



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Second Regular Session 112th General Assembly (2002)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2001 General Assembly.

## SENATE BILL No. 228

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning Medicaid.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

SECTION 1. IC 12-7-2-51.8 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: **Sec. 51.8.** "Cross-indicated drug", for purposes of IC 12-15-35.5, has the meaning set forth in IC 12-15-35.5-2.

SECTION 2. IC 12-7-2-178.5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 178.5. "Single source drug" for purposes of IC 12-15-35-35, has the meaning set forth in IC 12-15-35-35(a): means an outpatient drug that is produced or distributed under an original new drug application approved by the federal Food and Drug Administration, including a drug product marketed by any cross-licensed producers or distributors operating under the new drug application.

SECTION 3. IC 12-15-35-35, AS AMENDED BY P.L.231-1999, SECTION 6, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 35. (a) As used in this section, "single source drug" means a covered outpatient drug that is produced or distributed under an original new drug application approved by the federal Food



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1	and Drug Administration, including a drug product marketed by any
2	cross-licensed producers or distributors operating under the new drug
3	application.
4	(b) (a) Before the board develops a program to place a single source
5	drug on prior approval, restrict the drug in its use, or establish a drug
6	monitoring process or program to measure or restrict utilization of
7	single source drugs other than in the SURS program, the board must
8	meet the following conditions:
9	(1) Make a determination, after considering evidence and credible
10	information provided to the board by the office and the public,
11	that placing a single source drug on prior approval or restricting
12	the drug's use will not:
13	(A) impede the quality of patient care in the Medicaid
14	program; or
15	(B) increase costs in other parts of the Medicaid program,
16	including hospital costs and physician costs.
17	(2) Meet to review a formulary or a restriction on a single source
18	drug after the office provides at least thirty (30) days notification
19	to the public that the board will review the formulary or
20	restriction on a single source drug at a particular board meeting.
21	The notification shall contain the following information:
22	(A) A statement of the date, time, and place at which the board
23	meeting will be convened.
24	(B) A general description of the subject matter of the board
25	meeting.
26	(C) An explanation of how a copy of the formulary to be
27	discussed at the meeting may be obtained.
28	The board shall meet to review the formulary or the restriction on
29	a single source drug at least thirty (30) days but not more than
30	sixty (60) days after the notification.
31	(3) Ensure that:
32	(A) there is access to at least two (2) alternative drugs within
33	each therapeutic classification, if available, on the formulary;
34	and
35	(B) a process is in place through which a Medicaid recipient
36	has access to medically necessary drugs.
37	(4) Reconsider the drug's removal from its restricted status or
38	from prior approval not later than six (6) months after the single
39	source drug is placed on prior approval or restricted in its use.
40	(5) Ensure that the program provides either telephone or FAX
41	approval or denial Monday through Friday, twenty-four (24) hours
42	a day. The office must provide the approval or denial within



1	twenty-four (24) hours after receipt of a prior approval request.
2	The program must provide for the dispensing of at least a
3	seventy-two (72) hour supply of the drug in an emergency
4	situation or on weekends.
5	(6) Ensure that any prior approval program or restriction on the
6	use of a single source drug is not applied to prevent acceptable
7	medical use for appropriate off-label indications.
8	(e) (b) The board shall advise the office on the implementation of
9	any program to restrict the use of brand name multisource drugs.
10	(d) (c) The board shall consider:
11	(1) health economic data;
12	(2) cost data; and
13	(3) the use of formularies in the non-Medicaid markets;
14	in developing its recommendations to the office.
15	SECTION 4. IC 12-15-35.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
16	AS A NEW CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
17	UPON PASSAGE]:
18	Chapter 35.5. Prescription Drugs
19	Sec. 1. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), this chapter
20	applies to:
21	(1) the Medicaid program under this article; and
22	(2) the children's health insurance program under IC 12-17.6.
23	(b) This chapter does not apply to a formulary or prior
24	authorization program operated by a managed care organization
25	under a program described in subsection (a).
26	Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "cross-indicated drug" means a
27	drug that is used for a purpose generally held to be reasonable,
28	appropriate, and within the community standards of practice even
29	though the use is not included in the federal Food and Drug
30	Administration's approved labeled indications for the drug.
31	Sec. 3. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), the office may
32	establish prior authorization requirements for drugs covered
33	under a program described in section 1(a) of this chapter.
34	(b) The office may not require prior authorization for the
35	following single source or brand name multisource drugs:
36	(1) A drug that is classified as an antianxiety, antidepressant,
37	or antipsychotic central nervous system drug in the most
38	recent publication of Drug Facts and Comparisons (published
39	by the Facts and Comparisons Division of J.B. Lippincott
40	Company).
41	(2) A drug that, according to:
42	(A) the American Psychiatric Press Textbook of



1	Psychopharmacy;
2	(B) Current Clinical Strategies for Psychiatry;
3	(C) Drug Facts and Comparisons; or
4	(D) a publication with a focus and content similar to the
5	publications described in clauses (A) through (C);
6	is a cross-indicated drug for a central nervous system drug
7	classification described in subdivision (1).
8	(3) A drug that is:
9	(A) classified in a central nervous system drug category or
10	classification (according to Drug Facts and Comparisons)
11	that is created after the effective date of this chapter; and
12	(B) prescribed for the treatment of a mental illness (as
13	defined in the most recent publication of the American
14	Psychiatric Association's Diagnostic and Statistical Manual
15	of Mental Disorders).
16	(c) Except as provided under section 7 of this chapter, a
17	recipient enrolled in a program described in section 1(a) of this
18	chapter shall have unrestricted access to a drug described in
19	subsection (b).
20	Sec. 4. Prior authorization requirements developed under this
21	chapter must:
22	(1) comply with all applicable state and federal law, including
23	the provisions of 405 IAC 5-3 and 42 U.S.C. 1396r-8(d)(5);
24	and
25	(2) provide that the prior authorization number assigned to
26	an approved request be included on the prescription or drug
27	order:
28	(A) issued by the prescribing physician; or
29	(B) if the prescription is transmitted orally, relayed to the
30	dispensing pharmacist by the prescribing physician.
31	Sec. 5. Before requiring prior authorization for a single source
32	drug, the office shall seek the advice of the drug utilization review
33	board, established by IC 12-15-35-19, at a public meeting of the
34	board.
35	Sec. 6. (a) The office shall publish the decision to require prior
36	authorization for a single source drug in a provider bulletin.
37	(b) IC 12-15-13-6 applies to a provider bulletin described in
38 39	subsection (a).
39 40	Sec. 7. (a) Subject to subsection (b), the office may place limits
40	on quantities dispensed or the frequency of refills for any covered drug for the purpose of:
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42	(1) preventing fraud, abuse, waste, overutilization, or



inappropriate utilization; or	
(2) implementing a disease management program.	
(b) Before implementing a limit described in subsection (a), the	
office shall:	
(1) consider quality of care and the best interests of Medicaid recipients;	
(2) seek the advice of the drug utilization review board,	
established by IC 12-15-35-19, at a public meeting of the	
board; and	
(3) publish a provider bulletin that complies with the	
requirements of IC 12-15-13-6.	
SECTION 5. IC 12-17.6-4-2.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA	
CODE AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS	
[EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 2.5. Prescription drugs	
provided under the program are subject to the requirements of	
IC 12-15-35.5.	
SECTION 6. An emergency is declared for this act.	
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